

# Properly Cleaning Portable Milking Units: Step by Step



## STEP 1: RINSE

**\*Disassemble all parts that must be hand-washed!**

Rinse all surfaces immediately after milking with clean lukewarm (100-110°F) water to remove milk solids. When done properly, this rinse removes more than 70% of the soil load.

## STEP 2: WASH

For the wash cycle, you will need a chemical cleaning solution to remove any residual milk solids that have built up in the machine during milking.

Most dairy operations use a chlorinated alkaline detergent solution in either liquid or powdered form.

\*Add your detergent to the wash water according to manufacturer specifications\*.

\*Soak all parts of the milking machine in the detergent/water solution at a temperature of 120-135 °F for at least 5 minutes.

\*Once the entire claw is inside the detergent/water solution, turn on the pump to get the solution into the claw, tubes and the milking bucket. This will wash the entire milking unit.

\*Drain all chlorinated alkaline detergent wash solution before beginning the next step.

## STEP 3: POST-RINSE

\*Rinse the milking equipment thoroughly (inside and outside) with clean lukewarm (100-110°F) water before adding the acid rinse.

**\*Visually inspect the milking equipment for proper cleaning.**

## STEP 4: ACID RINSE

\* Rinse the whole milking equipment with cold acidified water for 2-3 minutes and drain.

## STEP 5: SANITATION

\*Most dairies operations soak the milking equipment in a chlorine-based sanitizer in clean lukewarm water (100-110°F) solution.

**\*Sanitize all hand-washed parts and let drain\*.**

**\* The entire surface of the milking equipment MUST be sanitized just prior to milking!**

**\*Teat cup liners and other rubber parts that come into contact with milk must also be thoroughly cleaned after each milking and sanitized before the next milking!**

\*Liners and other rubber parts must be replaced according to the manufacturer recommendations or when they become soft, cracked, rough or have holes.

**\*Pores and cracks in rubber parts prevent residual milk solids and microorganisms from the effects of cleaning and sanitizing!**

